SGM2558 Dual-Channel Power Distribution Switch

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM2558 is a high-side MOSFET switch optimized for general-purpose power distribution requiring circuit protection. A built-in charge pump is used to drive the MOSFET that is free of parasitic body diode to eliminate any reversed current flow across the switch.

The SGM2558 is internally current limited and has thermal shutdown that protects the device and load.

The SGM2558 offers "smart" thermal shutdown that reduces current consumption in fault modes. When a thermal shutdown fault occurs, the output is latched off until the faulty load is removed. Removing the load or toggling the enable input will reset the device output.

This device employs soft-start circuitry that minimizes inrush current in applications where highly capacitive loads are employed.

The FAULT output asserts low during over-current and thermal shutdown conditions. Transient faults are internally filtered.

The SGM2558 is available in Green SOIC-8 and TDFN-3×3-8L packages. It is rated over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

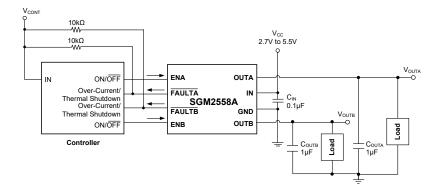
FEATURES

- 90mΩ (TYP) High-side MOSFET per Channel
- 1.1A Current Limit
- Input Voltage Range: 2.7V to 5.5V
- Low Quiescent Current: 28µA (Dual-Channel)
- Soft-Start Function
- Short-Circuit Protection with Thermal Shutdown
- Thermally Isolated Channels
- Fault Status Flag with 4ms Filter Eliminates False Assertions
- Under-Voltage Lockout Protection for V_{IN}
- No Reversed Leakage Current
- 1.8V Logic-Compatible Inputs
- Evaluated to IEC 60950-1, Ed 2, Am1, Annex CC,
 Test Program 1 with CB Report (SGM2558A)
- Available in the Green SOIC-8 and TDFN-3×3-8L Packages

APPLICATIONS

USB Peripherals
General Purpose Power Switching
ACPI Power Distribution
Notebook PCs
PDAs
PC Card Hot Swap

TYPICAL APPLICATION



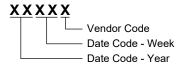


PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM2558A	SOIC-8	-40°C to +85°C	SGM2558AYS8G/TR	SGM 2558AYS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 2500
(Active High)	TDFN-3×3-8L	-40°C to +85°C	SGM2558AYTDB8G/TR	SGM 2558ADB XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
SGM2558B	SOIC-8	-40°C to +85°C	SGM2558BYS8G/TR	SGM 2558BYS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 2500
(Active Low)	TDFN-3×3-8L	-40°C to +85°C	SGM2558BYTDB8G/TR	SGM 2558BDB XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000

MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XXXXX = Date Code and Vendor Code.



Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Input Supply Voltage Range	0.3V to 6V
FAULT Voltage	6V
FAULT Current	25mA
Output Voltage	6V
Output Current	Internally Limited
Enable Input	0.3V to V _{IN}
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
SOIC-8, θ _{JA}	160°C/W
TDFN-3×3-8L, θ _{JA}	65°C/W
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
HBM	2000V
MM	200V

OVERSTRESS CAUTION

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

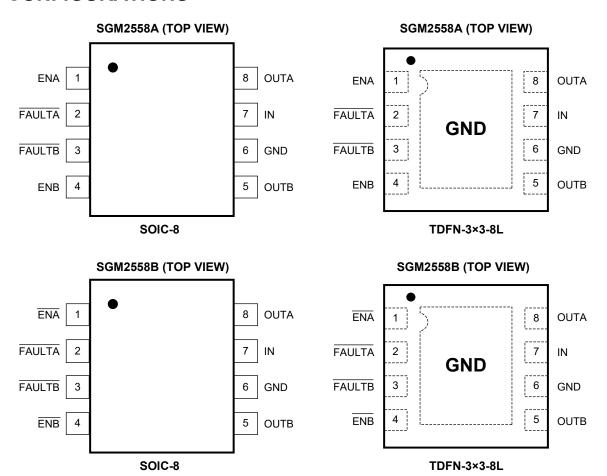
ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD if you don't pay attention to ESD protection. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PIN DESCRIPTION

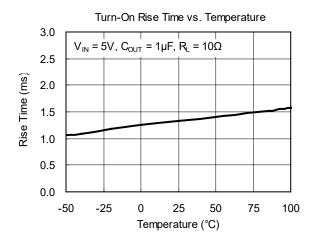
PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	ENA/ENA	Channel A Enable. 1.8V logic-compatible enables input. Active HIGH for SGM2558A (ENA) and active LOW for SGM2558B (ENA).
2	FAULTA	Fault Flag A. Active LOW, open-drain output. Indicates over-current or thermal shutdown conditions. Over-current conditions must last longer than t _D in order to assert FAULTA.
3	FAULTB	Fault Flag B. Active LOW, open-drain output. Indicates over-current or thermal shutdown conditions. Over-current conditions must last longer than t _D in order to assert FAULTB.
4	ENB/ENB	Channel B Enable. 1.8V logic-compatible enables input. Active HIGH for SGM2558A (ENB) and active LOW for SGM2558B (ENB).
5	OUTB	Channel B Output Voltage.
6	GND	Ground.
7	IN	Power Input Voltage.
8	OUTA	Channel A Output Voltage.

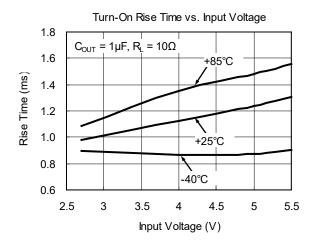
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

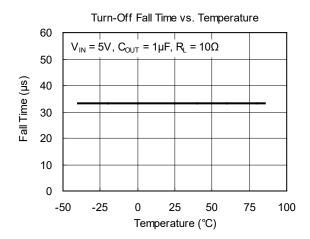
 $(V_{IN} = 5V, Full = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C.$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

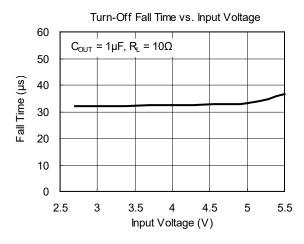
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}			+25°C	2.7		5.5	V
Quiescent Supply Current	ΙQ	Switch on, OUT = open	+25°C		28	55	μA	
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{SD}	Switch off, OUT = open		Full		0.1	1	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	I _{LEAKAGE}	Switch off, V _{OUT} = 0V		+25°C		0.1	18	μA
Off Current in Latched Thermal Shutdown		Output current during th state	ermal shutdown	+25°C		30		μА
Enable Input Threshold	V_{IH}			+25°C	1.6			V
Enable input Tilleshold	V_{IL}			123 0			0.6	V
Enable Input Current	I _{EN}	$V_{ENA} = V_{ENB} = 0V \text{ to } 5V$		Full		0.1	1.6	μΑ
		$V_{IN} = 5V, I_{OUT} = 500mA$	TDFN-3×3-8L	Full		90	150	
Switch Desistance	В	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $I_{OUT} = 500mA$	1D114-3^3-6L	Full		95	155	m0
Switch Resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	V _{IN} = 5V, I _{OUT} = 500mA	0010.0	Full		100	160	mΩ
		V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT} = 500mA	SOIC-8	Full		105	165	
Output Turn-On Delay Time	t _{ON}	$R_L = 10\Omega$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, Fig	ure 1	Full		1.9	3.9	ms
0.1.170.10	t _R	$R_L = 10\Omega$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, Figure 2		Full		1.4	2.7	ms
Output Turn-On Rise Time		$R_L = 10\Omega$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, Figure 2		+25°C		1.5		
Output Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{OFF}	$R_L = 10\Omega$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, Fig	Full		45	90	μs	
Output Turn-Off Fall Time	t _F	$R_L = 10\Omega$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, Figure 2		Full		25	60	μs
Current Limit Threshold	I _{LIM}	Ramped Load		+25°C	0.75	1.10	1.45	Α
Short-Circuit Output Current	I _{SHORT}	V _{OUT} = 0V, enabled into short-circuit		+25°C	0.6	0.9	1.2	Α
Short-Circuit Response Time	t _{short}	V _{OUT} = 0V to I _{OUT} = I _{SHORT} short-circuited	+25°C		16		μs	
Over-Current FAULT Response Delay Time	t _D	V_{IN} = 5V, apply V_{OUT} = 0V until \overline{FAULT} Low		+25°C	1.7	4	6.5	ms
Linder Voltage Leekout Threehold	UVLO	V _{IN} Rising		Full	2.25	2.4	2.55	V
Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold		V _{IN} Falling	Full	2	2.15	2.3		
Output Resistance	R _{FAULT}	$V_{IN} = V_{\overline{FAULT}} = 5V$, $I_{\overline{FAULT}_SINK} = 10$ mA		+25°C		15		0
FAULT Output Resistance		V _{IN} = V _{FAULT} = 3.3V, I _{FAULT} _SINK = 10mA		Full		16	35	Ω
FAULT Leakage Current	I _{FAULT}	$V_{IN} = V_{\overline{FAULT}} = 5V$	Full		0.1	2	μΑ	
Channel Thermal Shutdown in Current Limit		T _J increasing	T _J increasing			140		
Channel Thermal Shutdown in Current Limit Hysteresis						20		°C
Both Channels Thermal Shutdown Threshold		T _J increasing, if either cha both channel outputs will b				160		
Both Channels Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis						15		

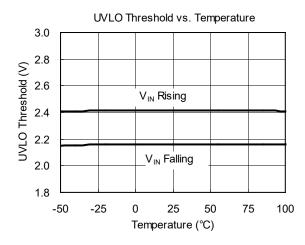
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

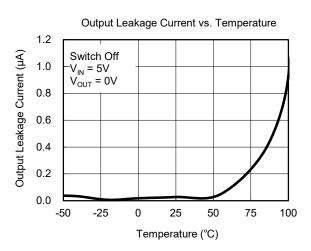


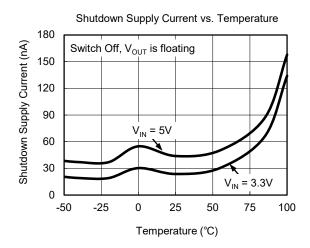


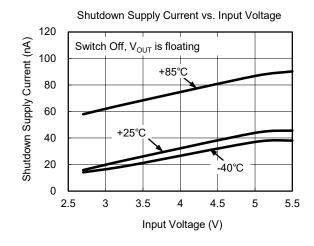


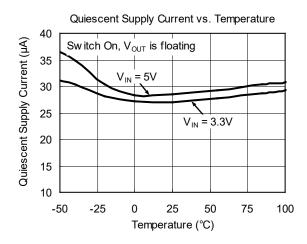


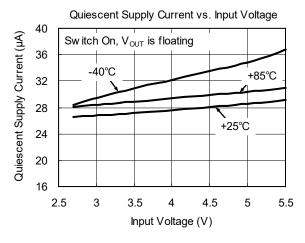


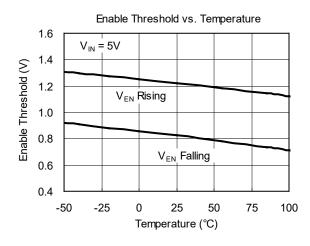


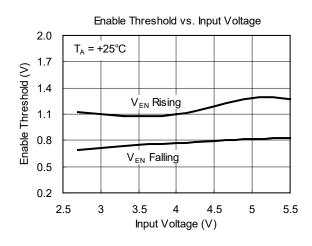


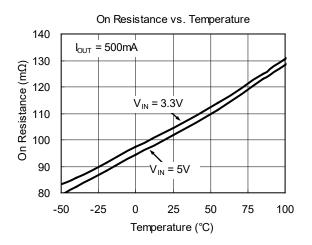


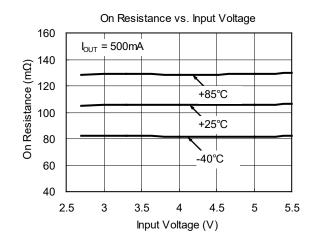


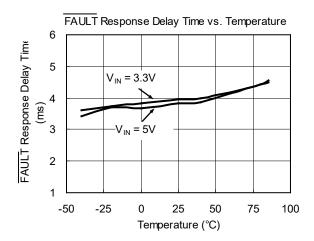


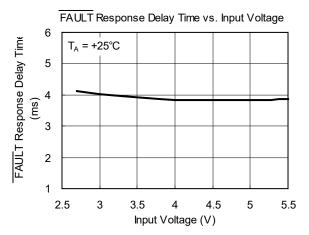


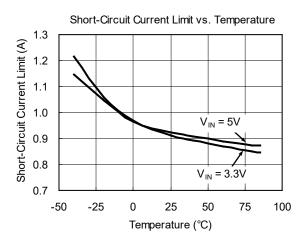


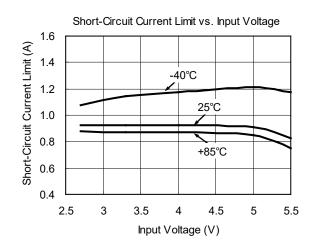


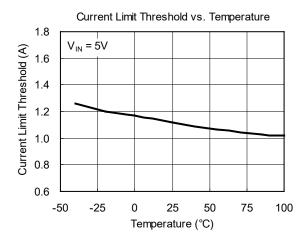


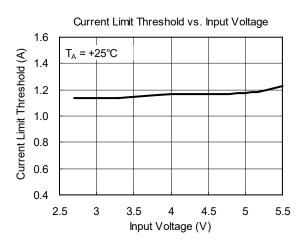


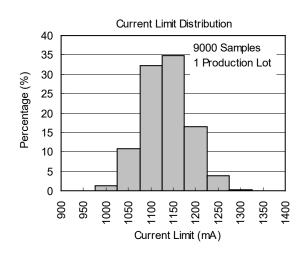


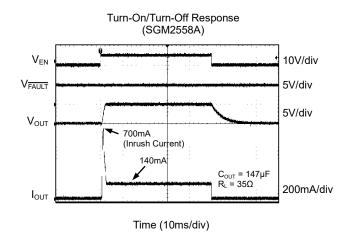


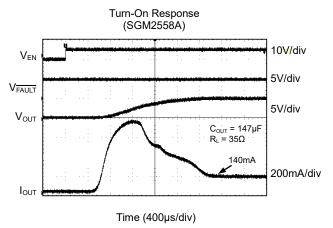


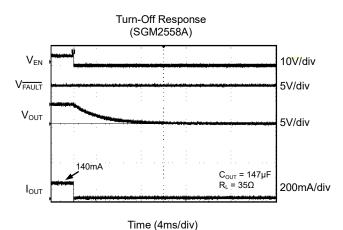


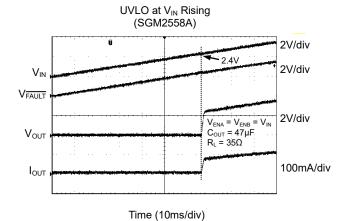


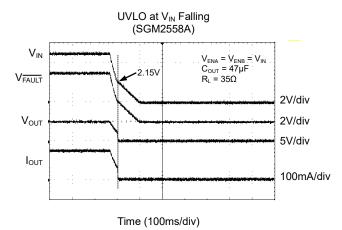


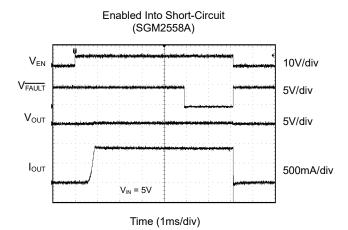


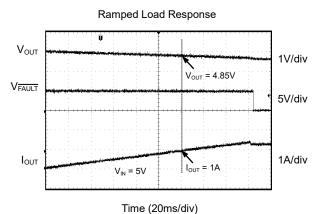


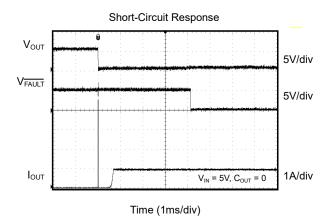


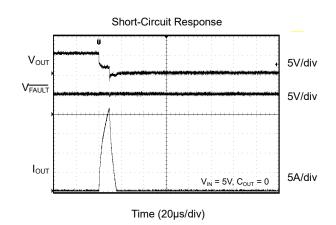


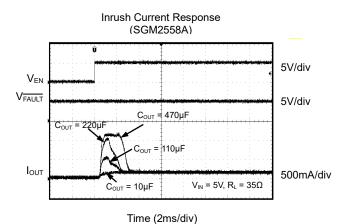


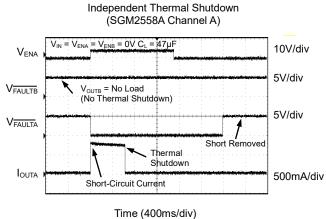


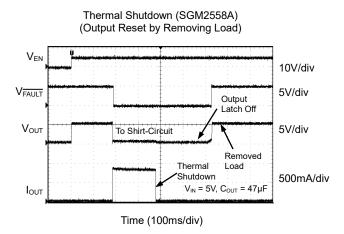


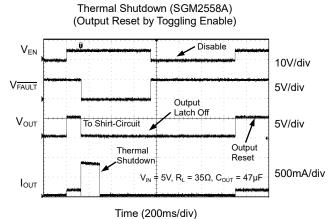




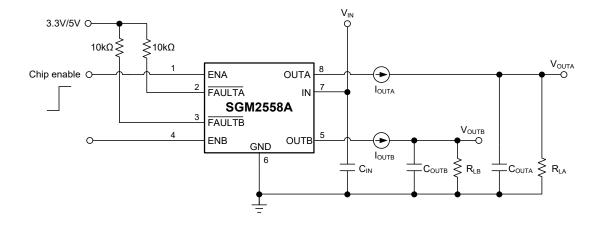








TEST CIRCUIT



TIMING DIAGRAMS

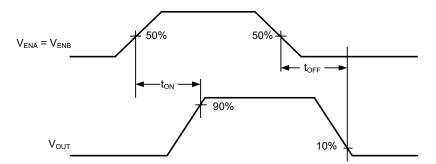


Figure 1. SGM2558A Switch Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay Times

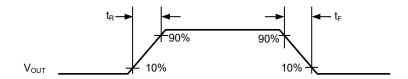
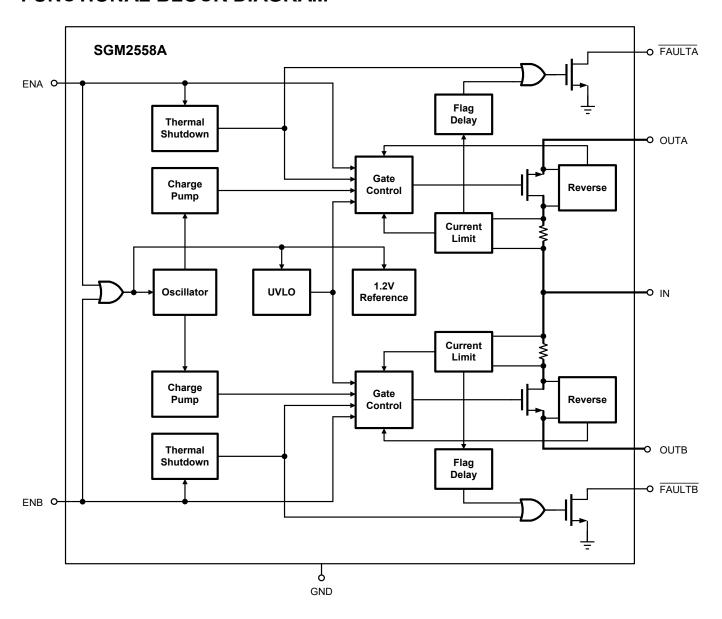


Figure 2. SGM2558A Output Turn-On Rise and Turn-Off Fall Times

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM2558 is a high-side dual channel N-MOSFET switch.

Input and Output

IN is the power supply connection to the logic circuitry and the drain of the output MOSFET. OUT is the source of the output MOSFET. In a typical circuit, current flows from IN to OUT toward the load. The output MOSFET and driver circuitry are also designed to allow the MOSFET source to be externally forced to a higher voltage than the drain $(V_{\text{OUT}} > V_{\text{IN}})$ when the switch is disabled. In this situation, the SGM2558 prevents undesirable current flow from OUT to IN.

Thermal Shutdown

Thermal shutdown is employed to protect the device from damage should the die temperature exceed safe margins due mainly to short circuit faults. Each channel employs its own thermal sensor. Thermal shutdown shuts off the output MOSFET and asserts the $\overline{_{FAULT}}$ output if the die temperature reaches 140°C and the overheated channel is in current limit. The other channel is not affected. If however, the die temperature exceeds 160°C, both channels will be shut off.

Upon determining a thermal shutdown condition, the SGM2558 will latch the output off. In this case, a pull-up current source is activated. This allows the output latch to automatically reset when the load (such as a USB device) is removed. The output can also be reset by toggling EN. Refer to Figure 3 and Figure 4 for timing details.

Depending on PCB layout, package, ambient temperature, etc., it may take several hundred milliseconds from the incidence of the fault to the output MOSFET being shut off. This time will be shortest in the case of a dead short on the output.

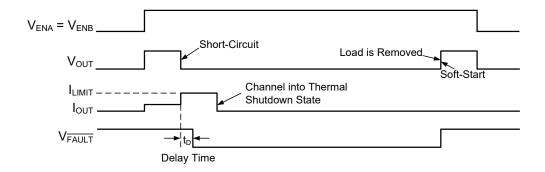


Figure 3. SGM2558A Fault Timing: Output Reset by Removing Load

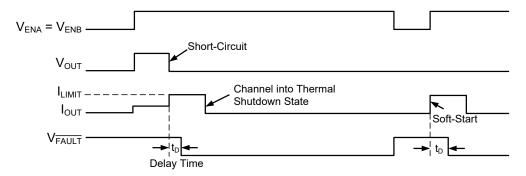


Figure 4. SGM2558A Fault Timing: Output Reset by Toggling EN

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

FAULT Flag

The $\overline{\mbox{FAULT}}$ signal is an N-Channel open-drain MOSFET output. $\overline{\mbox{FAULT}}$ is asserted (active-low) when either an over-current or thermal shutdown condition occurs. In the case of an over-current condition, $\overline{\mbox{FAULT}}$ will be asserted only after the $\overline{\mbox{FAULT}}$ response delay time, t_D , has elapsed. This ensures that $\overline{\mbox{FAULT}}$ is asserted only upon valid over-current conditions and that erroneous error reporting is eliminated.

For example, false over-current conditions can occur during hot-plug events when a highly capacitive load is connected and causes a high transient inrush current that exceeds the current limit threshold for up to 1ms. The $\overline{\mbox{FAULT}}$ response delay time t_D is typically 4ms.

Soft-Start

In order to eliminate the upstream voltage droop caused by the large inrush current during hot-plug events, the "soft-start" feature effectively isolates power supplies from such highly capacitive loads.

Power Dissipation

The device's junction temperature depends on several factors such as the load, PCB layout, ambient temperature, and package type. Equations that can be used to calculate power dissipation of each channel and junction temperature are found below:

$$P_D = R_{DS(ON)} \times I_{OUT}^2$$

Total power dissipation of the device will be the summation of P_{D} for both channels. To relate this to junction temperature, the following equation can be used:

$$T_J = P_D \times \theta_{JA} + T_A$$

where:

 T_J = junction temperature T_A = ambient temperature

 θ_{JA} = the thermal resistance of the package

Under-Voltage Lockout

UVLO prevents the MOSFET switch from turning on until input voltage exceeds 2.4V (TYP). If input voltage drops below 2.15V (TYP), UVLO shuts off the MOSFET switch. Under-voltage detection functions only when the switch is enabled.

Reverse-Voltage Protection

The reverse-voltage protection feature turns off the N-MOSFET switch whenever the output voltage exceeds the input voltage by 50mV (TYP). The SGM2558 keeps the N-MOSFET turned off until the output voltage is higher than the input voltage by 25mV (TYP) or the chip enable is toggled.

Current Sensing and Limiting

The current limit threshold is preset internally. The preset level prevents damage to the device and external load but still allows a minimum current of 500mA to be delivered to the load. The current limit circuit senses a portion of the output MOSFET switch current. The current-sense resistor shown in the block diagram is virtual and has no voltage drop. The reaction to an over-current condition varies with three scenarios:

Switch Enabled into Short-Circuit

If a switch is enabled into a heavy load or short-circuit, the switch immediately enters into a constant-current mode, reducing the output voltage. The FAULT signal is asserted indicating an over-current condition.

Short-Circuit Applied to Enabled Output

When a heavy load or short-circuit is applied to an enabled switch, a large transient current may flow until the current limit circuitry responds. Once this occurs, the device limits current to less than the short-circuit current limit specification.

Current Limit Response-Ramped Load

The SGM2558 current limit profile exhibits a small foldback effect of about 200mA. Once this current limit threshold is exceeded the device switches into a constant-current mode. It is important to note that the device will supply current up to the current limit threshold.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Supply Filtering

A 0.1 μ F to 1 μ F bypass capacitor positioned close to V_{IN} and GND of the device is strongly recommended to control supply transients. Without a bypass capacitor, an output short may cause sufficient ringing on the input (from supply lead inductance) to damage internal control circuitry.

Printed Circuit Board Hot-Plug

The SGM2558 is ideal inrush current limiter for hot-plug applications. Due to their integrated charge pumps, the SGM2558 present a high impedance when off and slowly become a low impedance as their integrated charge pumps turn on. This "soft-start" feature effectively isolates power supplies from highly capacitive loads by reducing inrush current. Figure 5 shows how the SGM2558 may be used in a card hot-plug application.

In cases of extremely large capacitive loads (> $400\mu F$), the length of the transient due to inrush current may exceed the delay provided by the integrated filter. Since this inrush current exceeds the current limit delay specification, $\overline{\mathsf{FAULT}}$ will be asserted during this time. To prevent the logic controller from responding to $\overline{\mathsf{FAULT}}$ being asserted, an external RC filter, as shown in Figure 6, can be used to filter out transient $\overline{\mathsf{FAULT}}$ assertion. The value of the RC time constant should be selected to match the length of the transient, less than $t_{\mathsf{D(MIN)}}$ of the SGM2558.

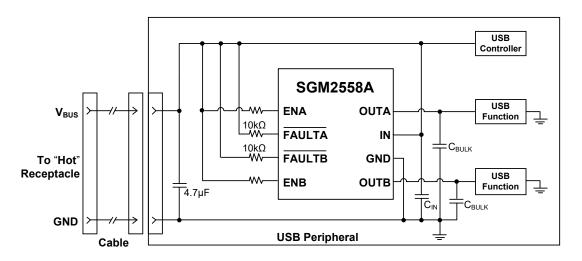


Figure 5. Hot-Plug Application

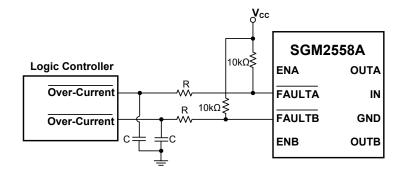


Figure 6. Transient Filter

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Power Distribution

The SGM2558 is ideally suited for USB power distribution applications. The USB specification defines power distribution for USB host systems such as PCs and USB hubs. Hubs can either be self-powered or bus-powered (that is, powered from the bus). Figure 7 shows a typical USB host application that may be suited for mobile PC applications employing USB. The requirement for USB host systems is that the port must supply a minimum of 500mA at an output voltage of 5V \pm 5%. In addition, the output power delivered must be limited to below 25VA. Upon an over-current condition, the host must also be notified. To support hot-plug events, the hub must have a minimum of $120\mu F$ of bulk capacitance, preferably low ESR electrolytic or tantulum.

For bus-powered hubs, USB requires that each downstream port be switched on or off under control by the host. Up to four downstream ports each capable of supplying 100mA at 4.4V minimum are allowed. In addition, to reduce voltage droop on the upstream V_{BUS} , soft-start is necessary. Although the hub can consume up to 500mA from the upstream bus, the hub must consume only 100mA max at start-up, until it enumerates with the host prior to requesting more power. The same requirements apply for bus-powered peripherals that have no downstream ports. Figure 8 shows a bus-powered hub.

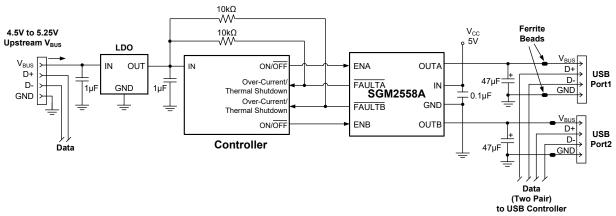


Figure 7. USB Two-Port Host Application

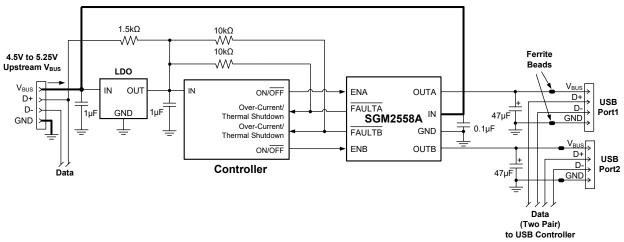


Figure 8. USB Two-Port Bus-Powered Hub

SGM2558

REVISION HISTORY

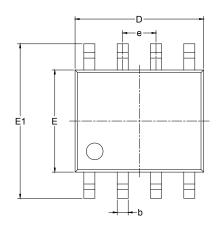
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

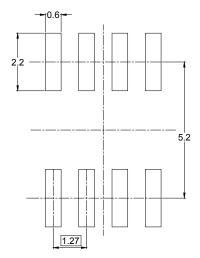
DECEMBER 2017 - REV.A.2 to REV.A.3

Update Feature section	1
AUGUST 2014 - REV.A.1 to REV.A.2	
Added SGM2558B	All
APRIL 2014 – REV.A to REV.A.1	
Changed Floatrical Characteristics agation	4

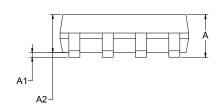


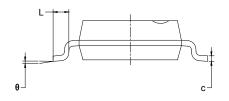
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOIC-8





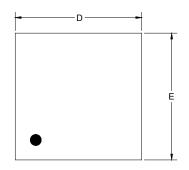
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

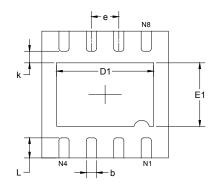




Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN MAX		MIN	MAX	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006 0.185 0.150	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100		0.200	
E	3.800	4.000		0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
е	1.27	BSC	0.050	BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

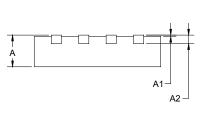
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS TDFN-3×3-8L



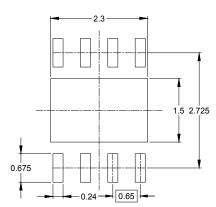








SIDE VIEW

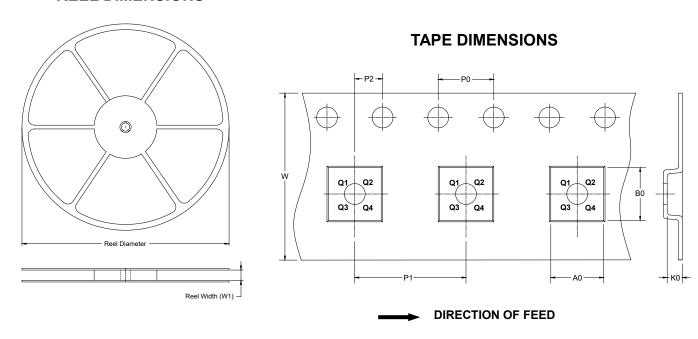


RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

Symbol	-	nsions meters	Dimen In Inc		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
A2	0.203	REF	0.008 REF		
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
D1	2.200	2.400	0.087	0.094	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	1.400	1.600	0.055	0.063	
k	0.200 MIN		0.008	MIN	
b	0.180	0.300	0.007	0.012	
е	0.650) TYP	0.026	TYP	
L	0.375	0.575	0.015	0.023	

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

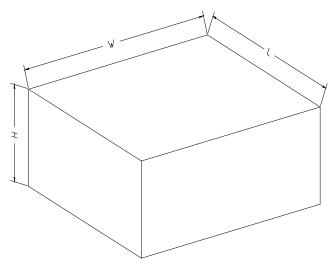


NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOIC-8	13″	12.4	6.40	5.40	2.10	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1
TDFN-3×3-8L	13"	12.4	3.35	3.35	1.13	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1

CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton	
13"	386	280	370	5	200002