

TXB0304 4-Bit Bidirectional Level-Shifter/Voltage Translator with Automatic Direction Sensing

1 Features

- Fully Symmetric Supply Voltages, 0.9 V to 3.6 V on A Port and 0.9 V to 3.6 V
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature – If Either V_{CC} Input is at GND, all Outputs are in High-Impedance State
- OE Input Circuit Referenced to V_{CCA}
- Low Power Consumption, 5 μ A Max (I_{CCA} or I_{CCB})
- I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 8000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- Personal Electronics
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

3 Description

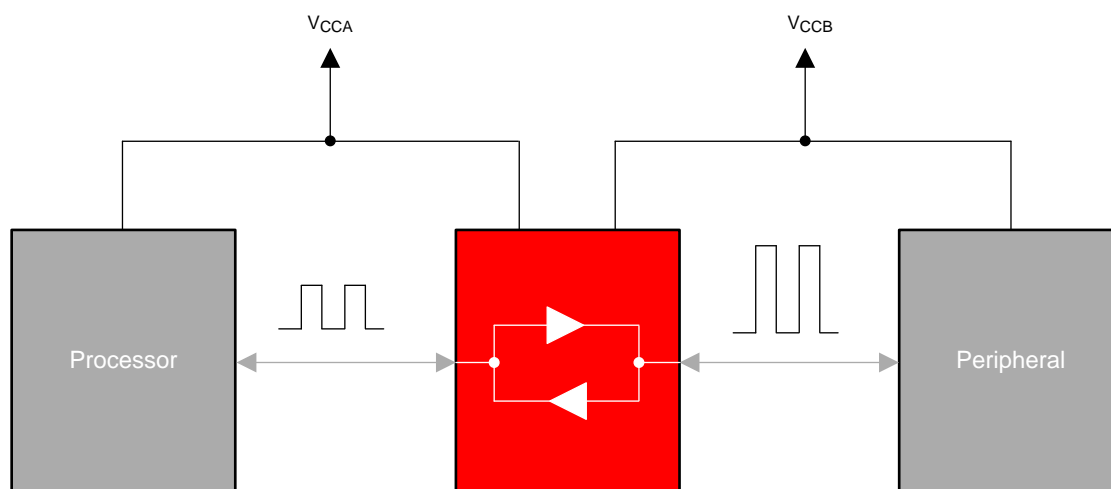
This 4-bit non-inverting translator uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 0.9 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 0.9 V to 3.6 V. This allows for low Voltage bidirectional translation between 1 V, 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V and 3.3 V voltage nodes. For the TXB0304, when the output-enable (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver. The OE device control pin input circuit is supplied by V_{CCA} . This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. The only difference between TXB0304 and TXBN0304 is the OE signal being active high and active low respectively.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TXB0304	RUT UQFN (12)	2.00 mm x 1.70 mm
	RSV UQFN (16)	2.60 mm x 1.80 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

Typical Application Block Diagram for TXB0304



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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision F (May 2016) to Revision G	Page
• Changed text in Power Supply Recommendations section.	13

Changes from Revision E (August 2014) to Revision F	Page
• Made changes to Description section.....	1
• Made changes to Absolute Maximum Ratings , Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ , Switching Characteristics and Electrical Characteristics tables.....	1

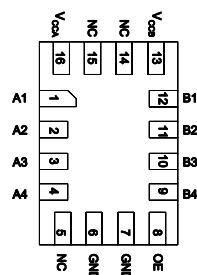
Changes from Revision D (October 2012) to Revision E	Page
• Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes , Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section.	1
• Changed VCCA and VCCB in the ABS MAX table to V _{CCA} and V _{CCB} in 3 places	4
• Changed in ELEC CHARAC table the 0.9 x V _{CCA} and 0.9 x V _{CCB} from MAX column into the MIN column	5
• Changed in ELEC CHARAC table 0.2 (2 places) in the MIN column to the MAX	5

Changes from Revision C (May 2012) to Revision D	Page
• Added Application Information section	12

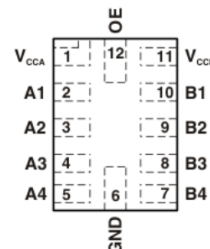
Changes from Revision B (September 2011) to Revision C	Page
• Added package pin out diagram notes	3

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

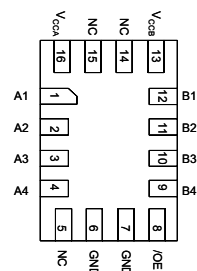
RSV Package
16-Pin UQFN
TXB0304 Top View



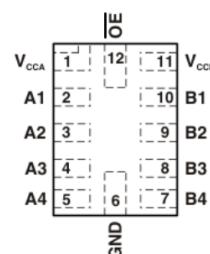
RUT Package
12-Pin UQFN
TXB0304 Top View



RSV Package
16-Pin UQFN
TXBN0304 Top View



RUT Package
12-Pin UQFN
TXBN0304 Top View



- A. See [Layout Guidelines](#) for notes about package pin out diagrams.

Pin Functions

PIN					TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	TXB0304		TXBN0304				
	RSV	RUT	RSV	RUT			
A1	1	2	1	2	I/O	Input/output 1	Referenced to V _{CCA}
A2	2	3	2	3	I/O	Input/output 2	
A3	3	4	3	4	I/O	Input/output 3	
A4	4	5	4	5	I/O	Input/output 4	
B1	12	10	12	10	I/O	Input/output 4	Referenced to V _{CCB}
B2	11	9	11	9	I/O	Input/output 3	
B3	10	8	10	8	I/O	Input/output 2	
B4	9	7	9	7	I/O	Input/output 1	
GND	6, 7	6	6,7	6	GND	Ground	
NC	5, 14, 15	—	5, 14, 15	—	—	No connection; not internally connected	
OE	8	12	—	—	I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE (TXB0304) low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V _{CCA} .	
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	—	—	8	12	I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ (TXBN0304) high to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V _{CCA} .	
V _{CCA}	16	1	16	1	—	A-port supply voltage 0.9 V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 3.6 V	
V _{CCB}	13	11	13	11	—	B-port supply voltage 0.9 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V	

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage		−0.5	4.6	V
V _{CCB}			−0.5	4.6	
V _I	Input voltage	A port	−0.5	4.6	V
		B port	−0.5	4.6	
V _O	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state	A port	−0.5	4.6	V
		B port	−0.5	4.6	
V _O	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state ⁽²⁾	A port	−0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
		B port	−0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		−50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		−50	mA
I _O	Continuous output current			±50	mA
Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND				±100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		−65	150	°C
T _J	Junction temperature		−40	125	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

			V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage				0.9	3.6	V
V _{CCB}							
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	Data inputs	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V	V _{CCI} × 0.65	V _{CCI}	V
		OE/ $\overline{\text{OE}}$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V	V _{CCA} × 0.65	3.6	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0	V _{CCI} × 0.35	V
		OE/ $\overline{\text{OE}}$	0.9 V to 1.2 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0	V _{CCA} × 0.3	
			1.2 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0	V _{CCA} × 0.35	
V _O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state	A-port	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0	3.6	V
		B-port	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0	3.6	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	A-port inputs	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V		40	ns/V
		B-port inputs	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V		40	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature				−40	85	°C

- (1) The A and B sides of an unused data I/O pair must be held in the same state, such as, both at V_{CCI} or both at GND.
- (2) V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TXB0304		UNIT
		RUT (UQFN)	RSV (UQFN)	
		12 PINS	16 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	116.4	131.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	45.7	55.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	46.9	55.3	°C/W
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.6	1.4	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	46.9	55.3	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		V_{CCA}	V_{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{OHA}	High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A$	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V		$0.9 \times V_{CCA}$			V
V_{OLA}	Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 20 \mu A$	$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V				0.2	V
V_{OHB}	High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A$	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		0.9 V to 3.6 V	$0.9 \times V_{CCB}$			V
V_{OLB}	Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 20 \mu A$	$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$		0.9 V to 3.6 V			0.2	V
I_I	OE	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			± 1	μA
			$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$					± 2	
I_{off}	A port	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 3.6 V	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	0 V	0 V to 3.6 V			± 1	μA
			$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$					± 2	
	B port	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 3.6 V	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0 V			± 1	
			$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$					± 2	
I_{OZ}	A or B port	OE = GND	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			± 1	μA
			$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$					± 2	
I_{CCA}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			5	μA
I_{CCB}		$V_I = V_{CCB}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			5	μA
$I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			10	μA
I_{CCZA}	High-Z state supply current	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$, OE = GND	$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			5	μA
I_{CCZB}	High-Z state supply current	$V_I = V_{CCB}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$, OE = GND	$-40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$	0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			5	μA
C_i	OE	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			3	pF
C_{io}	A port	$T_A = 25^\circ C$, OE = GND		0.9 V to 3.6 V	0.9 V to 3.6 V			6.7	pF
	B port							6.7	

6.6 Timing Requirements

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	LOAD	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Data rate	C _L = 15 pF	0.9 to 3.6 V	0.9 to 3.6 V		50	Mbps
	C _L = 15 pF	1.2 to 3.6 V	1.2 to 3.6 V		100	Mbps
	C _L = 15 pF	1.8 to 3.6 V	1.8 to 3.6 V		140	Mbps
	C _L = 30 pF	0.9 to 3.6 V	0.9 to 3.6 V		40	Mbps
	C _L = 30 pF	1.2 to 3.6 V	1.2 to 3.6 V		90	Mbps
	C _L = 30 pF	1.8 to 3.6 V	1.8 to 3.6 V		130	Mbps
	C _L = 50 pF	1.2 to 3.6 V	1.2 to 3.6 V		80	Mbps
	C _L = 50 pF	1.8 to 3.6 V	1.8 to 3.6 V		120	Mbps
	C _L = 100 pF	1.2 to 3.6 V	1.2 to 3.6 V		70	Mbps
	C _L = 100 pF	1.8 to 3.6 V	1.8 to 3.6 V		100	Mbps

6.7 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). (For parameter descriptions, see [Figure 2](#) and [Figure 3](#).)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{pd}	A	B	C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6	18.9		30	ns
	A	B	C _L = 15	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	7.5		11.5	
	A	B	C _L = 15	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	3.7		4.8	
	A	B	C _L = 30	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6	19.5		34	
	A	B	C _L = 30	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	7.8		11.9	
	A	B	C _L = 30	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	3.8		5.2	
	A	B	C _L = 50	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	8		12.3	
	A	B	C _L = 50	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	4		5.4	
	A	B	C _L = 100	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	8.6		13.5	
	A	B	C _L = 100	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	4.5		6	
	B	A	C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6	18.9		30	ns
	B	A	C _L = 15	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	7.5		11.5	
	B	A	C _L = 15	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	3.7		5	
	B	A	C _L = 30	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6	19.5		34	
	B	A	C _L = 30	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	7.8		11.9	
	B	A	C _L = 30	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	3.8		5.2	
	B	A	C _L = 50	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	8		12.3	
	B	A	C _L = 50	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	4		5.4	
	B	A	C _L = 100	1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6	8.6		13.5	
	B	A	C _L = 100	1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6	4.5		6	
t _{en}	OE	A	C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6			262	ns
				1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6			64	
				1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6			37	
		B	C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6			332	
				1.2-3.6	1.2-3.6			76	
				1.8-3.6	1.8-3.6			41	
t _{dis}	OE	A	C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6			172	ns
		B	C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6			169	ns
t _{FB} , t _{FB}	B-port rise and fall times		C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6		2.95		ns
t _{SA} , t _{SA}	A-port rise and fall times		C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6		3.1		ns
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-channel skew		C _L = 15	0.9-3.6	0.9-3.6			0.15	ns

(1) T_A = 25°C

6.8 Operating Characteristics

C_{pd} - power dissipation capacitance measured at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP ⁽¹⁾	UNIT
C_{pdA}	A-port input, B-port output	$C_L = 0$, $f = 10\text{ MHz}$, $t_r = t_f = 1\text{ ns}$, $OE = V_{CCA}$ (outputs enabled)	34	pF
	B-port input, A-port output		34	
C_{pdB}	A-port input, B-port output		34	pF
	B-port input, A-port output		34	
C_{pdA}	A-port input, B-port output	$C_L = 0$, $f = 10\text{ MHz}$, $t_r = t_f = 1\text{ ns}$, $OE = \text{GND}$ (outputs disabled)	0.01	pF
	B-port input, A-port output		0.01	
C_{pdB}	A-port input, B-port output		0.01	pF
	B-port input, A-port output		0.01	

(1) V_{CCA} , V_{CCB} 0.9 V to 3.6 V

6.9 Typical Characteristics

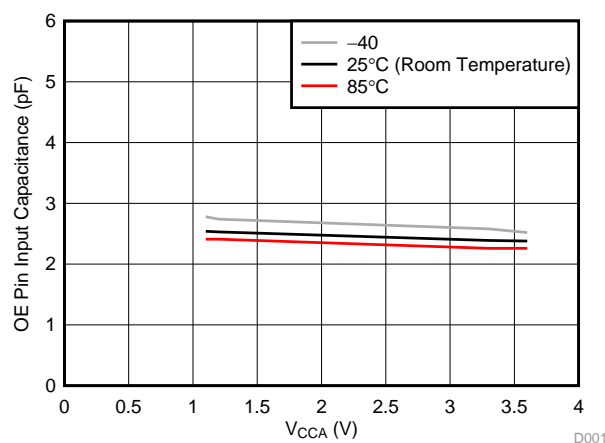
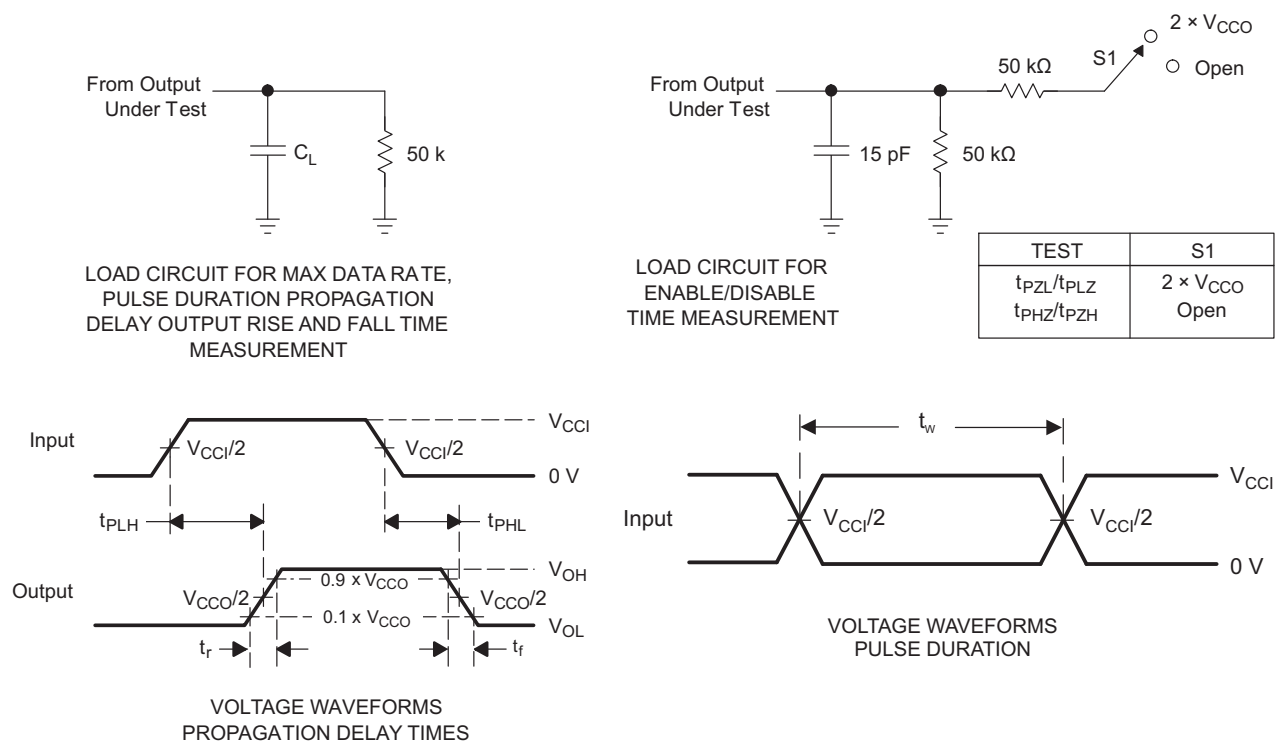


Figure 1. Input Capacitors for OE Pin (C_i) vs Power Supply (V_{CCA})

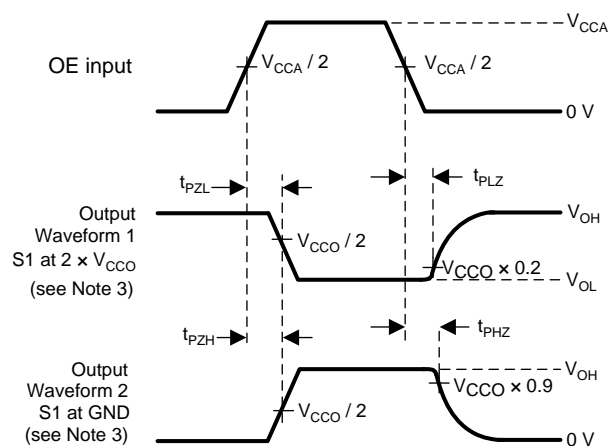
7 Parameter Measurement Information



- C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $dv/dt \geq 1$ V/ns.
- The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
- V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with output port.
- All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuits and Voltage Waveforms

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



- (1) t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
- (2) t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
- (3) Waveform 1 is for an output with internal such that the output is high, except when OE is high. Waveform 2 is for an output with conditions such that the output is low, except when OE is high.

Figure 3. Enable and Disable Times

Because of this restriction on external resistors, the TXB0304 should not be used in applications such as I²C or 1-Wire where an open-drain driver is connected on the bidirectional data I/O. For these applications, use a device from the TI [TXS010X](#) series of level translators.

9 Application and Implementation

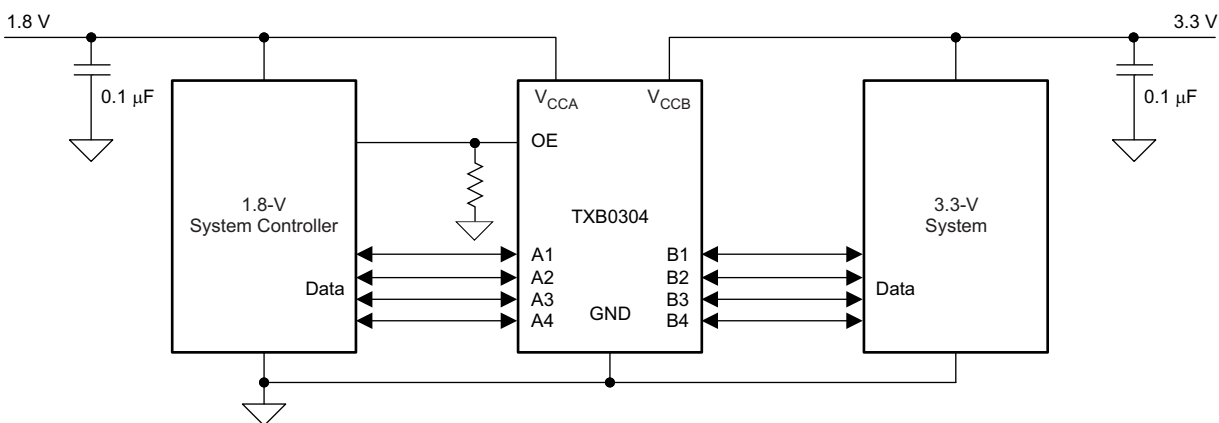
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TXB0304 can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. It can only translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs. If for open-drain signal translation, please refer to TI [TXS010X](#) products. Any external pull-down or pull-up resistors are recommended larger than 20 kΩ.

9.2 Typical Application



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Figure 6. Typical Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in [Table 1](#).

Table 1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	0.9 V to 3.6 V
Output voltage range	0.9 V to 3.6 V

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXB0304 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXB0304 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.
 - Don't recommend to have the external pull-up or pull-down resistors. If mandatory, it is recommended the value should be larger than 20 kΩ.

- An external pull-down or pull-up resistor decreases the output V_{OH} and V_{OL} . Use the below equations in section 8.5.2 to draft estimate the V_{OH} and V_{OL} as a result of an external pull-down and pull-up resistor.

9.2.3 Application Curve

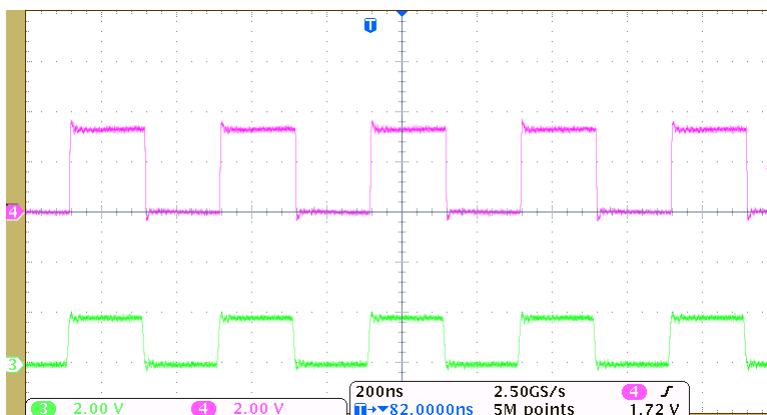


Figure 7. Level-Translation of a 2.5-MHz Signal

10 Power Supply Recommendations

During operation, TXB0304 can work at both $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$ and $V_{CCA} \geq V_{CCB}$. During power-up sequencing, any power supply can be ramped up first. Both the supplies are recommended to be powered down together. The TXB0304 has circuitry that disables all input/output ports when either VCC is switched off ($V_{CCA/B} = 0$ V).

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies. And should be placed as close as possible to the V_{CCA} , V_{CCB} pin and GND pin
- Short trace-lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- For long transmission lines, place a series resistor equivalent to the impedance of the transmission lines to avoid signal integrity issues
- PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough so that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration, approximately 10 ns, ensuring that any reflection encounters low impedance at the source driver.
- Pullup resistors are not required on both sides for Logic I/O.
- If pullup or pulldown resistors are needed, the resistor value must be over 20 k Ω .
- 20 k Ω is a safe recommended value, if the customer can accept higher Vol or lower Voh, smaller pull up or pull down resistor is allowed, the draft estimation is $V_{ol} = V_{ccout} \times 1.5k / (1.5k + R_{pu})$ and $V_{oh} = V_{ccout} \times R_{pd} / (1.5k + R_{pd})$.
- If pullup resistors are needed, please refer to the TXS0104 or contact TI.
- For detailed information, refer to application note [SCEA043](#).

11.2 Layout Example

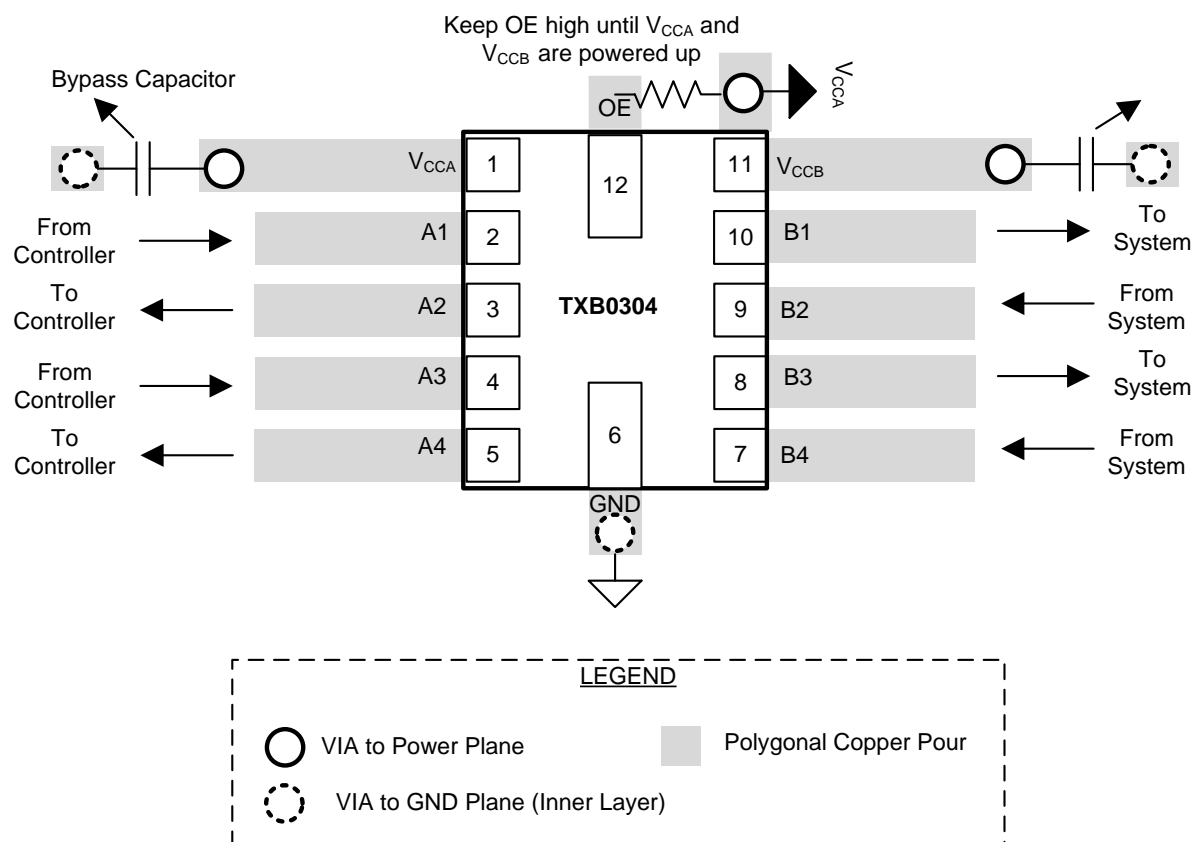


Figure 8. TXB0304 PCB Layout

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Device Support

12.1.1 Development Support

For TI TXS010X products, go to www.ti.com/product/txs0101.

For the TXB0304 IBIS Model, see [SCEM544](#).

12.2 Documentation Support

12.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Application Report, *A Guide to Voltage Translation With TXB-Type Translators*, [SCEA043](#)
- User's Guide, *TXB0304 Evaluation Module*, [SCEU003](#)

12.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.4 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TXB0304RSVR	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ZTJ	Samples
TXB0304RUTR	ACTIVE	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(737, 73R, 73V)	Samples
TXBN0304RSVR	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ZTK	Samples
TXBN0304RUTR	ACTIVE	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	74R	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

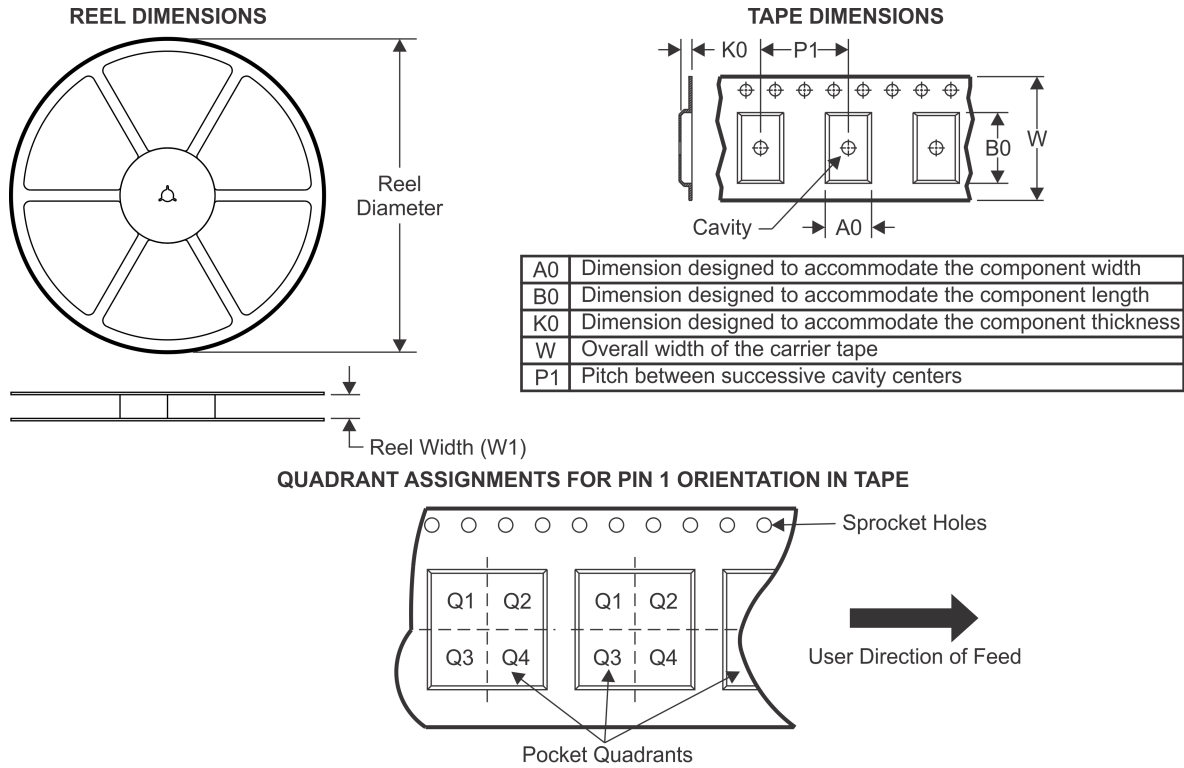
(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



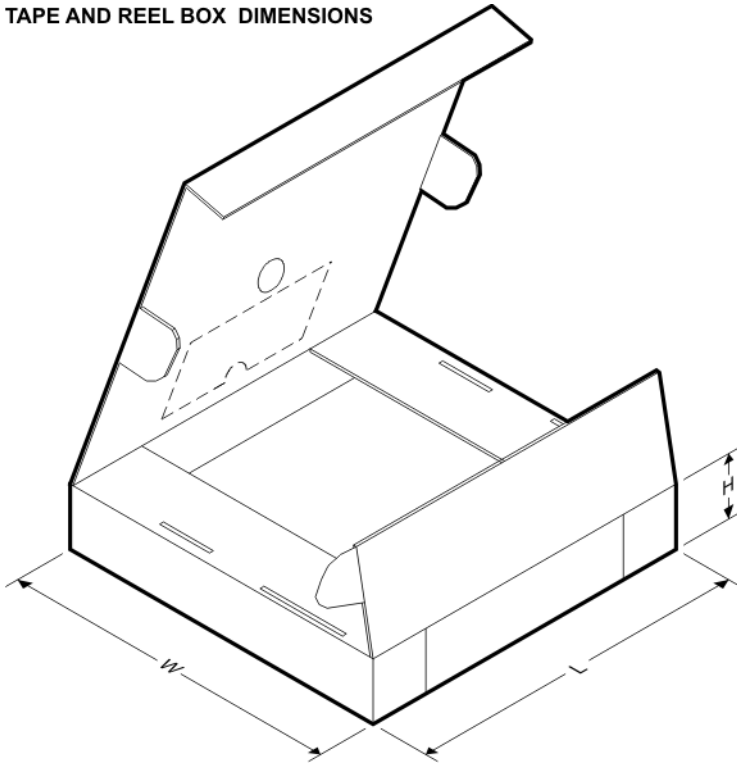
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TXB0304RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	177.8	12.4	2.0	2.8	0.7	4.0	12.0	Q1
TXB0304RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	180.0	9.5	1.9	2.3	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
TXBN0304RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	177.8	12.4	2.0	2.8	0.7	4.0	12.0	Q1
TXBN0304RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	330.0	12.4	2.1	2.9	0.75	4.0	12.0	Q1
TXBN0304RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.95	2.3	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

24-Jul-2020

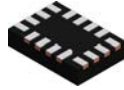
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TXB0304RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TXB0304RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	184.0	184.0	19.0
TXBN0304RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TXBN0304RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	184.0	184.0	19.0
TXBN0304RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0

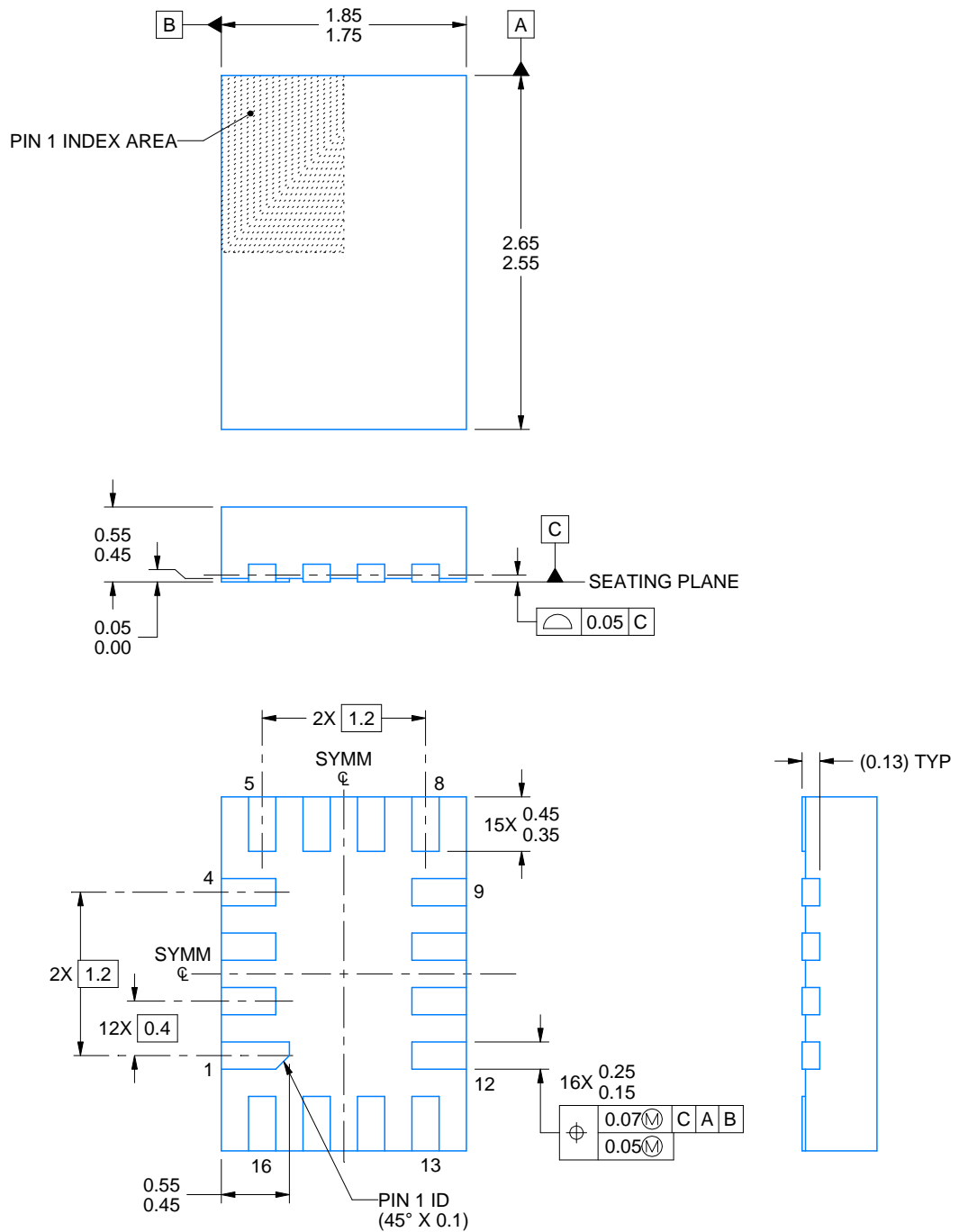
RSV0016A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

UQFN - 0.55 mm max height

ULTRA THIN QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



4220314/C 02/2020

NOTES:

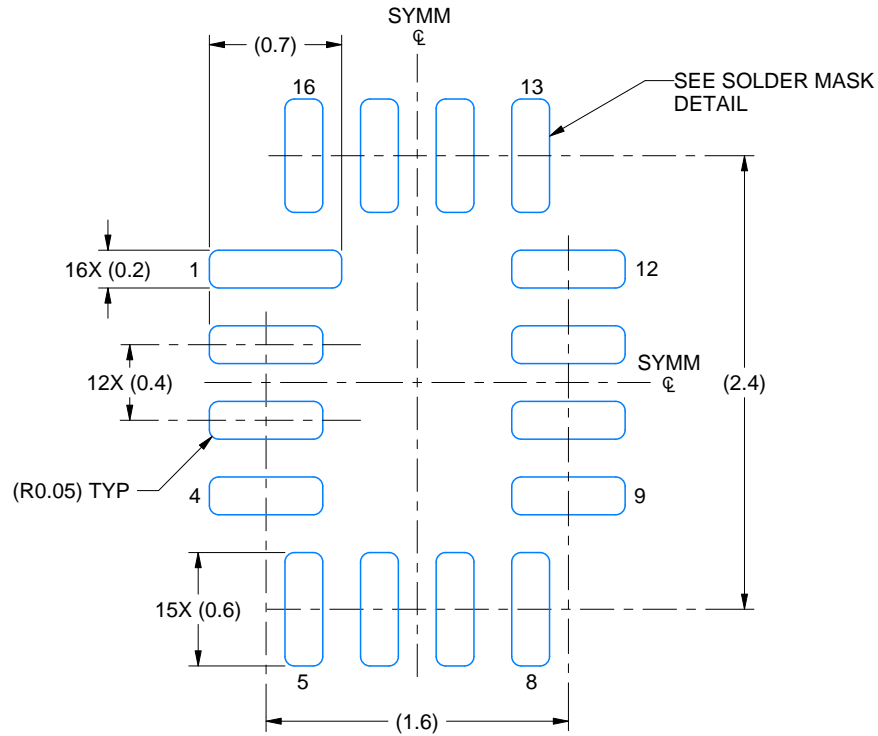
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

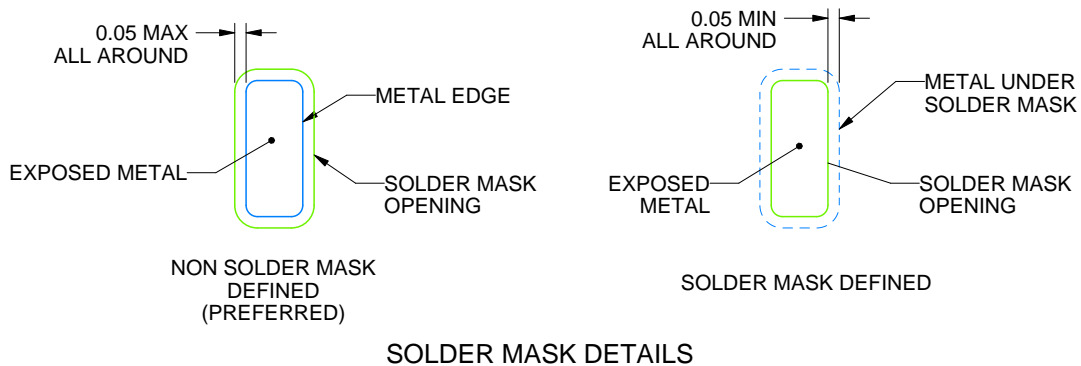
RSV0016A

UQFN - 0.55 mm max height

ULTRA THIN QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 25X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220314/C 02/2020

NOTES: (continued)

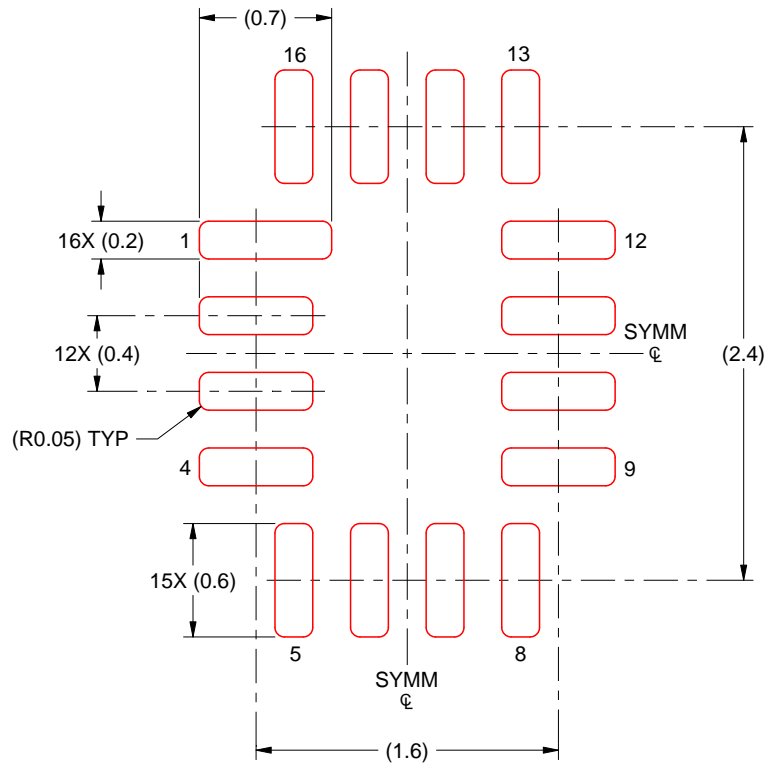
3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/sluea271).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RSV0016A

UQFN - 0.55 mm max height

ULTRA THIN QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 MM THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 25X

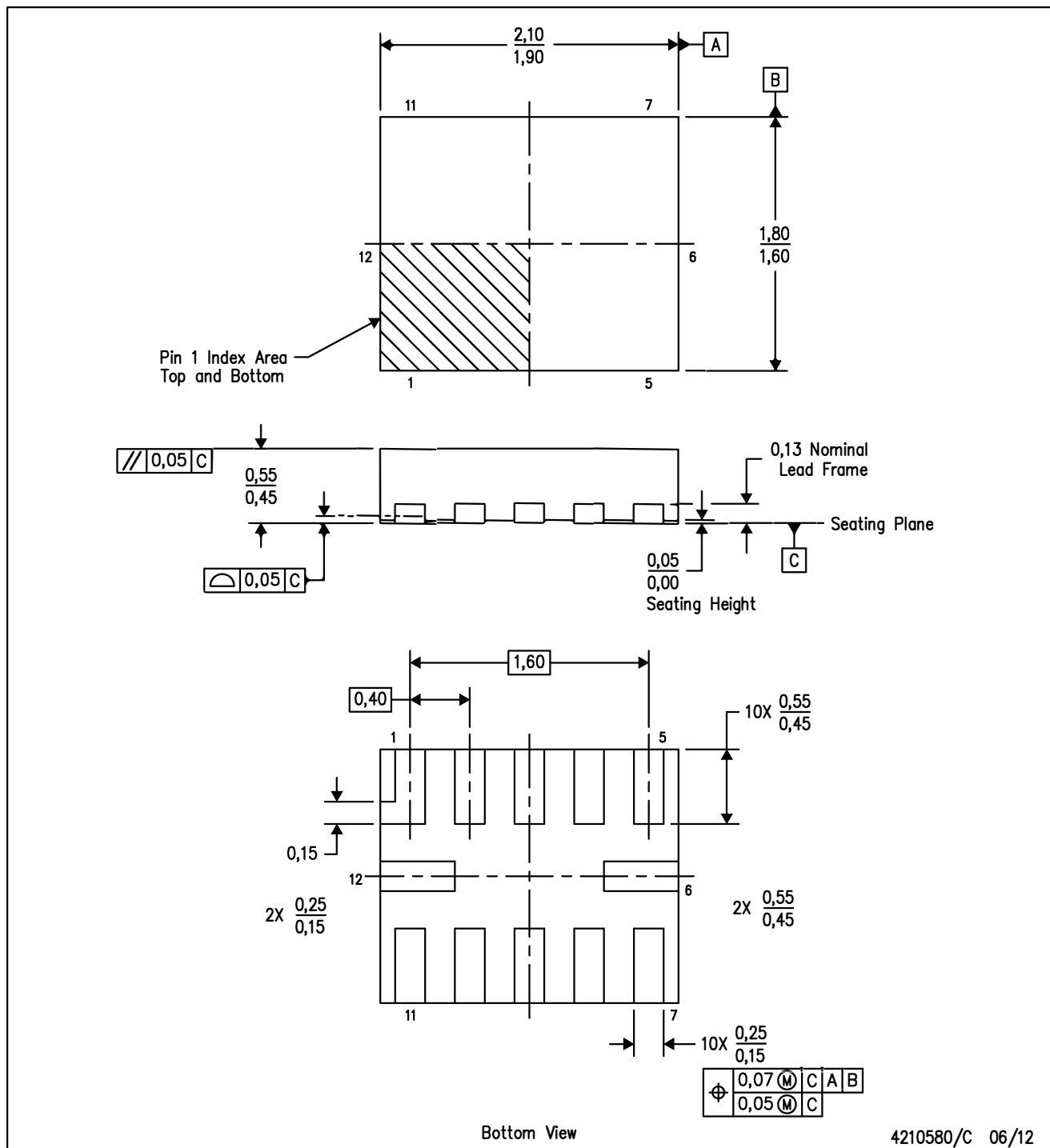
4220314/C 02/2020

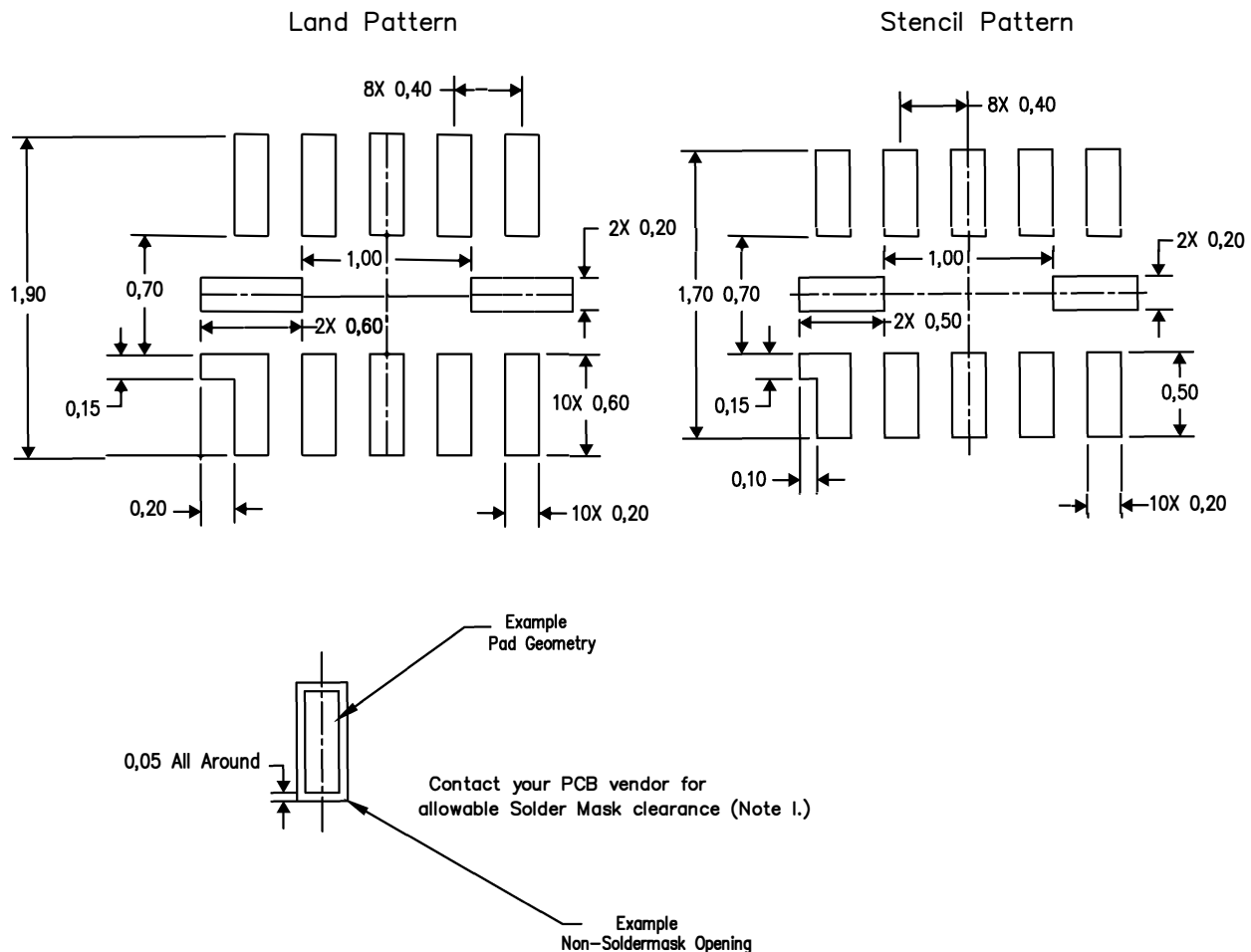
NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

RUT (R-PUQFN-N12)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD





4212431/C 06/12

NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,1016 mm (4 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Over-printing land for larger area ratio is not advised due to land width and bridging potential. Exercise extreme caution.
- H. Suggest stencils cut with lasers such as Fiber Laser that produce the greatest positional accuracy.
- I. Component placement force should be minimized to prevent excessive paste block deformation.